

# 2021 HAZARD MITIGATION ASSISTANCE GRANT **EQUITY WORKSHOPS**

WELCOME TO

VIRGINIA IS FOR LOWERS

The Deloitte Health360 Solution informs population vulnerability and enables a data-driven approach to operationalizing equity in mitigation projects. It is broken down into two components: Population Vulnerability and Hazard Risk. Both components are added together to identify potential priority areas to support future mitigation projects.

# **SERIES OBJECTIVES**

- Interpret data from the Deloitte Analysis and identify flooding risk in these areas.
- Understand and explore potential solutions to hazard risk areas and vulnerable populations.
- Educate stakeholders on funding programs such as FEMA hazard mitigation grants, CDBG grants, and the new CFP fund.
- Discuss next steps, technical assistance needs, and training.



# **POPULATION VULNERABILITY**

Provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



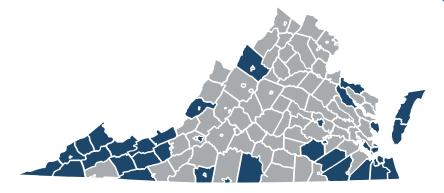
### **HAZARD** RISK

Reflects the number of house-holds in each flood or hurricane zone weighted by risk severity to provide a people-focused risk metric.



# **PRIORITIZED CENSUS TRACTS**

Combining population vulnerability and hazard risk at a sub-locality level can identify potential priority areas to support with future mitigation projects.



**40** Localities Identified Scoring Over 70%



# POPULATION VULNERABILITY

Provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



# SUBREGIONAL WORKSHOP

August 10, 2021 from 10am to 12pm

# HAZARD RISK

Reflects the number of households in each flood or hurricane zone weighted by risk severity to provide a people-focused risk metric.



# Lee Scott Wise

# PRIORITIZED CENSUS TRACTS

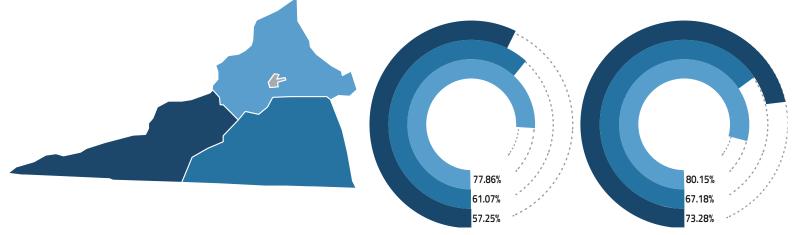
Combining population vulnerability and hazard risk at a sub-locality level can identify potential priority areas to support with future mitigation projects.



# OVERALL PERCENTILE



HAZARD RISK PERCENTILE POPULATION VULNERABILITY PECENTILE



# **Governor's Confidential Working Papers**

# COVID-19 Unified Command/VEST Health Equity Working Group

MITIGATION PROJECTS ANALYSIS WISE COUNTY

**NOVEMBER 2020** 



# **Topics**

The analysis provides **Wise County** with information to support planning and preparation of projects for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) grant application with an equity focus.

Introduction to Data-Driven Approach
 Hazard Risk
 Population Vulnerability
 Prioritization

FEMA Funding and Past Projects

Considerations for Next Steps

This analysis *expands the scope of*population vulnerability to

provide a data-driven equity lens

for disaster mitigation project

design

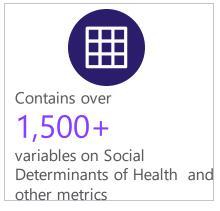
# Data-Driven Approach

The Health360 platform informs population vulnerability and enables a data-driven approach to operationalizing equity in mitigation projects.

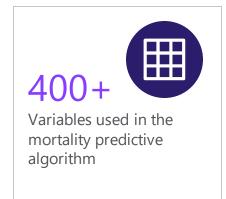
# **Powered By Health**360



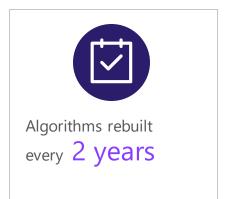














# What is hazard risk and how is it calculated?

Household Hazard risk reflects the number of households in each flood or hurricane zone, weighted by severity.



# Hazard Risk

Number of households in each zone:

### Flood zones

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine flood way
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

### **Hurricane zones**

Segmented A, B, C, D

- Households that reside in the flood and hurricane zones are considered to be **at-risk for environmental disasters**
- Hazard Risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones
- Hazard Risk is not a measure of infrastructure, elevation, or financial risks, but is a measure of the number of at-risk households in an area, weighted by the severity of the risk, to provide a people-focused risk metric

**Note:** Severity of the risk per household is captured on an ordinal scale from 1 – least severe (Hurricane Zone D, 500 Year Riverine) to 4 – most severe (Hurricane Zone A, 100 Year Coastal)

Hazard Risk = (# of Households in Particular Hurricane or Flood Zones) X (Specified Zone Risk Level (1 through 4 depending on risk severity))

# Hazard Risk in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's hazard risk<sup>1</sup> compares to others in Virginia as well as how many households reside in each flood or hurricane zone.

# Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup> Percentile

78th

Your locality has more households in more severe flood/hurricane zones than 78% of other Virginia localities

# Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup> Rank

30th

Your locality's Hazard Risk score is ranked 30th out of 132 Virginia localities

# Households in Flood Zones & Locality Rank

<b>←</b> 100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine Floodway	100 Year Riverine	Severity 500 Year Riverine
0	131	1,009	270
N/A out of 132 Localities	8th out of 132 Localities	15th out of 132 Localities	26th out of 132 Localities

Flood zones are geographic areas that FEMA has defined according to varying levels of flood risk

# **Households in Hurricane Zones & Locality Rank**

<b>▼</b> Zone A	Zone B	Zone C	——— Severity Zone D
0	0	0	0
N/A out of 132 Localities			

Evacuation zones designated as A through D are in place across coastal Virginia

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

# What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated?

The Population Vulnerability score provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



# Population Vulnerability

# Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access

- Population Vulnerability expands upon the 2018 Virginia
   Hazard Mitigation plan definition of population vulnerability
   (density and percentage of total population)
- Population Vulnerability only considers localities with households in flood or hurricane zones (132 localities)
- Population Vulnerability **identifies the locality and census tracts/census blocks** with the most vulnerable individuals/households on average
- Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster

# Population Vulnerability in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's population vulnerability<sup>1</sup> score and composite attributes compare to other localities in Virginia.

# Population Vulnerability Percentile

80th

On average, a household in a flood or hurricane zone in your locality is more vulnerable than a household in 80% of other Virginia localities

# Population Vulnerability<sup>1</sup> Rank

27th

Your locality's Population Vulnerability score is ranked 27th out of 132 Virginia localities

# How WISE COUNTY Compares to Other Localities Across the Eight Vulnerability Attributes

Low Income

98th

percentile

# of Children in Household

88th

percentile

**Elevated Health Risk** 

43rd

percentile

# of People in Household

76th

percentile

Age

39th

percentile

**Unemployment Risk** 

67th

percentile

**Communities of Color** 

24th

percentile

**Lack of Vehicle Access** 

80th

percentile

<sup>1.</sup> Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

# Using Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk to Prioritize Census Tracts

Combining population vulnerability and hazard risk at a sub-locality level can identify potential priority areas to support with future mitigation projects.



# Population Vulnerability

# Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access





Number of households in each zone:

### **Flood zones**

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine floodway
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

### **Hurricane** zones

• Segmented A, B, C, D



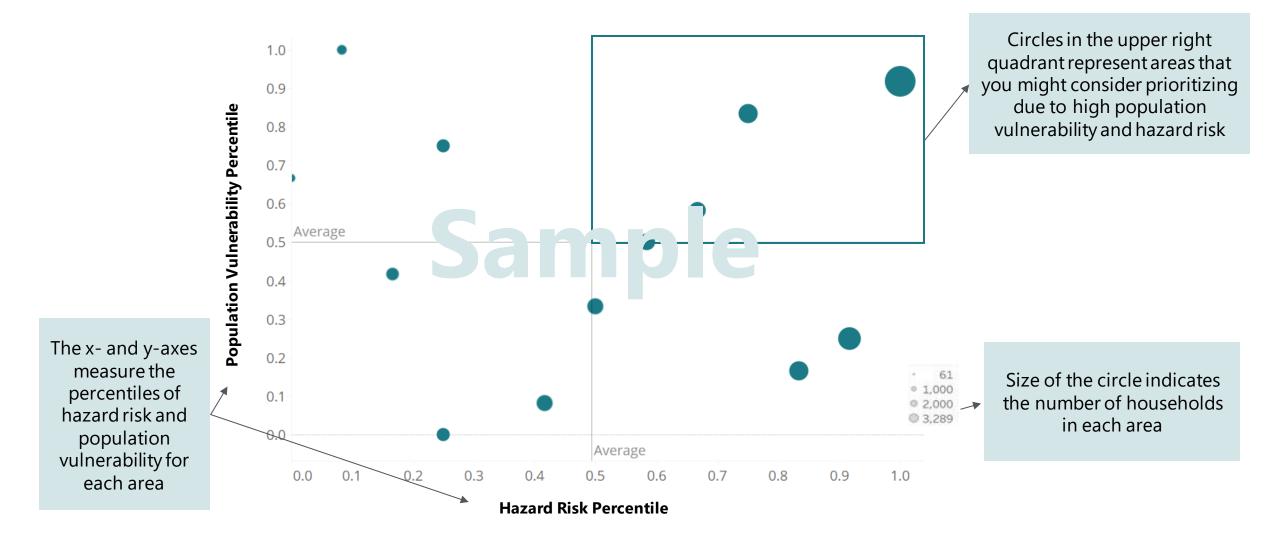
- High Population
  Vulnerability
- High Hazard Risk

Census tracts with both more households in severe flood/hurricane zones AND households with more vulnerable occupants



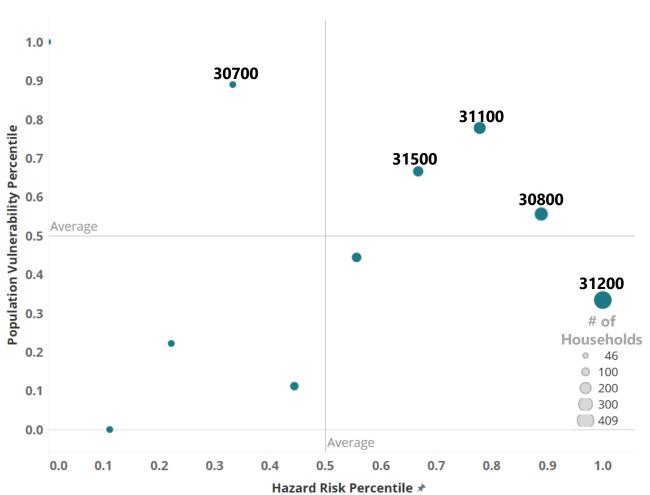
# How to interpret the Census Tract plots

The chart below represents a *sample* locality and offers guidance on how to interpret the information when planning mitigation efforts.



# **Prioritizing Census Tracts in Wise County**

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.



# Priority Areas in Flood and Hurricane Zones

				Within-Wise County Percentiles					
	#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability <sup>1</sup> Percentile	Hazard Risk <sup>2</sup> Percentile			
	1	31100	192	100th	78th	78th			
	2	30800	228	89th	56th	89th			
	3	31500	140	78th	67th	67th			
	4	31200	409	67th	33rd	100th			
S	5	30700	64	56th	89th	33rd			
	6	31000	121	33rd	44th	56th			
	7	31600	46	33rd	100th	0th			
	8	31300	95	22nd	11st	44th			

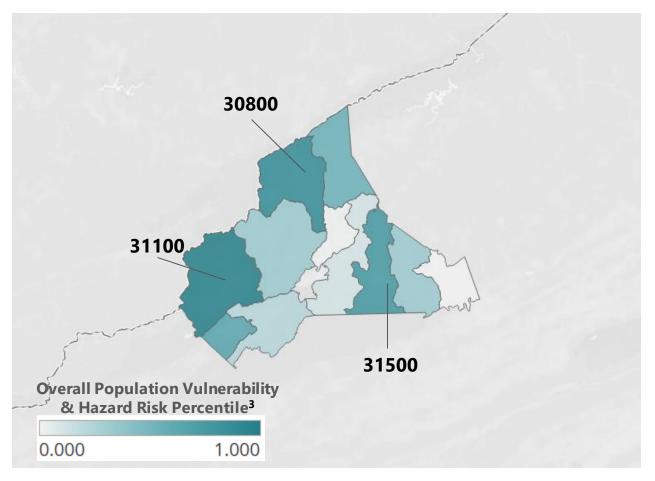
- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity

Within-Wise County Percentiles

# Prioritizing Census Tracts in Wise County continued

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.

# Potential Priority Areas in Wise County



# Priority Areas in Flood and Hurricane Zones

			within-wise County Percentiles				
#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability <sup>1</sup> Percentile	Hazard Risk <sup>2</sup> Percentile		
1	31100	192	100th	78th	78th		
2	30800	228	89th	56th	89th		
3	31500	140	78th	67th	67th		
4	31200	409	67th	33rd	100th		
5	30700	64	56th	89th	33rd		
6	31000	121	33rd	44th	56th		
7	31600	46	33rd	100th	0th		
8	31300	95	22nd	11st	44th		

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- . Sub-localities at the 0<sup>th</sup> percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

# **Priority Census Tracts Summary**

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, it may be helpful to consider the underlying attributes of population vulnerability and the number of houses in each flood/hurricane zone.

				Within-Wise County Percentiles									
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability <sup>1</sup>	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Un employment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access	
1	31100	192	100th	78th	22nd	100th	67th	22nd	67th	67th	11st	89th	
2	30800	228	89th	56th	44th	78th	44th	67th	44th	22nd	78th	0th	
3	31500	140	78th	67th	0th	67th	89th	44th	33rd	100th	67th	22nd	

			W/I-Wise Cour	nty Percentiles			Wise County Household Counts <sup>3</sup>					
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Hazard Risk <sup>2</sup>	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D
1	31100	192	100th	78th	0	15	149	28	0	0	0	0
2	30800	228	89th	89th	0	10	198	20	0	0	0	0
3	31500	140	78th	67th	0	21	82	37	0	0	0	0

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 3. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

# Review of FEMA Funding & Past Mitigation Projects

# Review of Mitigation Projects In Your Locality

The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects<sup>1</sup> in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.

Total Exclusive Project Funding<sup>1</sup>

\$2,155,212

This is the total amount of federal funding alloted to migration projects solely owned by your locality from 1990-2019

**Exclusive Projects** 

4

Average Exclusive Project Size

\$539K

Total Shared Project Funding<sup>1</sup>

\$448,905

This is the total amount of federal funding allotted to mitigation projects owned by your locality and at least 1 other from 1990-2019

**Shared Projects** 

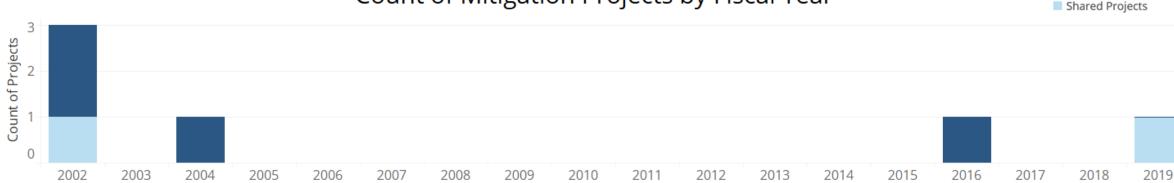
2

Average Counties Per Shared Project

3.0

Exclusive Projects

Count of Mitigation Projects by Fiscal Year

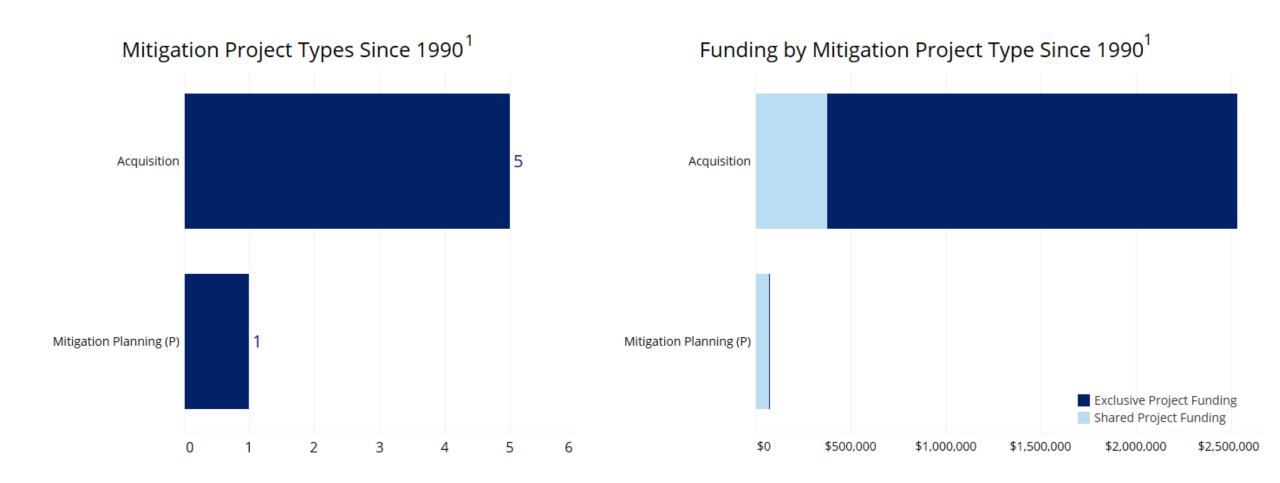


1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

Fiscal Year

# Past Mitigation Projects – Top Project Types

The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects<sup>1</sup> in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.

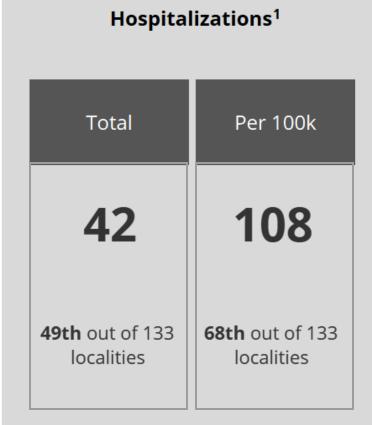


1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

# **COVID-19 Impacts**

# Since the beginning of the COVID-19 Pandemic, Wise County has experienced the following:







- 1. COVID-19 case, hospitalization, and death figures are sourced from the Virginia Department of Health as of **10/26/2020**
- 2. COVID-19 Impact rankings are for all 133 Virginia localities, rather than the 132 included in the BRIC analysis for having at least one household in a flood or hurricane zone

# **Considerations for Next Steps**

# Considerations for Next Steps

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, the population vulnerability and hazard risk metrics can supplement existing measures to design mitigation projects with an equity lens.

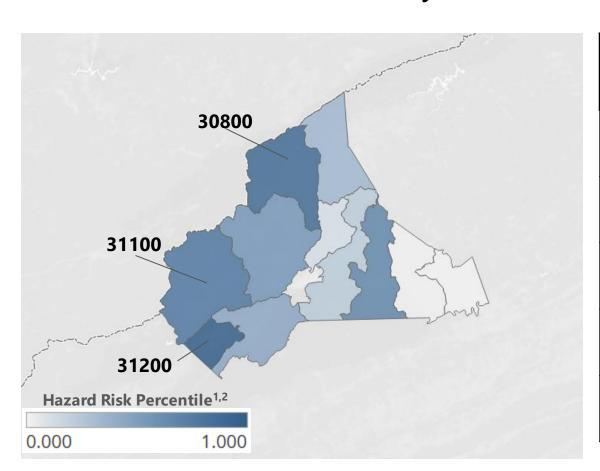
- Consider targeting priority areas when designing future mitigation projects
- Consider analysis at the census tract/block level to understand population vulnerability and hazard risks at a granular level to support decisions on mitigation projects
- Consider **supplementing these people-focused metrics** with existing infrastructure, elevation, and financial analysis for a holistic mitigation planning approach that includes equity considerations
- Consider past project types and prior funding in the overall mitigation strategy

# Appendix

# What areas in your locality have the greatest hazard risk?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that have the greatest number of households residing in the more severe flood and/or hurricane zones.

# Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup> in Wise County



Top-5 Census Tracts for Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup>

					Wise County Household Counts									
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Hazard Risk Percentile	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr. Zone D			
1	31200	409	100th	0	29	263	117	0	0	0	0			
2	30800	228	89th	0	10	198	20	0	0	0	0			
3	31100	192	78th	0	15	149	28	0	0	0	0			
4	31500	140	67th	0	21	82	37	0	0	0	0			
5	31000	121	56th	0	18	74	29	0	0	0	0			

**Note:** see the appendix for a complete data table for all Census Tracts

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Census tracts at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

# What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated? continued

The vulnerability score for each Virginia household reflects an estimate of the household's ability to safely respond in the event of an environmental disaster.



# **Population Vulnerability**

Attribute <sup>1</sup>	Weighting <sup>2</sup>	Description (in a household)
Low Income	18%	Number of adults with income less than \$30,000
Elevated Health Risk	17%	Number of adults with one or more serious health conditions
Age (Older Adults)	15%	Number of adults who are age 65 and older
Communities of Color	13%	Number of Black or African American or Hispanic or Latino adults
# of Children in Household	12%	Number of children
# of People in Household	10%	Number of adults and children
Unemployment Risk	8%	Number of adults at high risk of unemployment
Lack of Vehicle Access	6%	Does the household lack access to a motor vehicle?

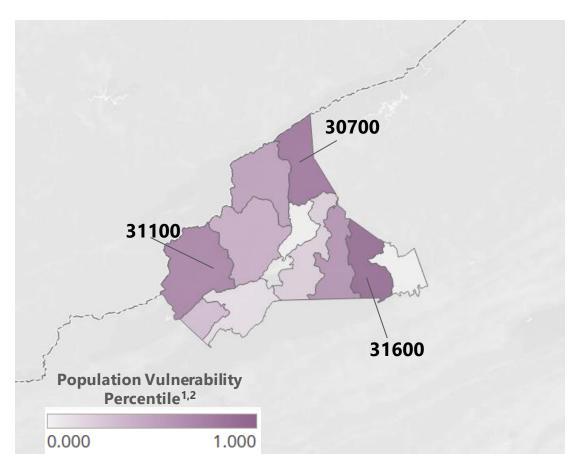
<sup>1.</sup> Two attributes - English as a Primary Language and Prevalence of Mobile Housing - were dropped from consideration based on the 8/20/2020 BRIC Working Group Session

<sup>2.</sup> Attribute contributions to Population Vulnerability were weighted as a result of the BRIC Working Group Session on 8/20/2020

# What areas in your locality have the greatest population vulnerability?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that are home to the most vulnerable individuals in the event of an environmental disaster.

# **Population Vulnerability**<sup>1</sup> in Wise County



**Top-5 Census Tracts for Population Vulnerability**<sup>1</sup>

			Within-Wise County Percentiles									
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Pop. Vul.	Comm. of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem. Risk	Age	Vehicle Access	
1	31600	46	100th	67th	89th	100th	89th	100th	11st	0th	100th	
2	30700	64	89th	89th	44th	56th	100th	89th	44th	33rd	33rd	
3	31100	192	78th	22nd	100th	67th	22nd	67th	67th	11st	89th	
4	31500	140	67th	0th	67th	89th	44th	33rd	100th	67th	22nd	
5	30800	228	56th	44th	78th	44th	67th	44th	22nd	78th	0th	

**Note:** See the appendix for a complete data table for all census tracts

<sup>1.</sup> Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

<sup>2.</sup> Census tracts at the 0<sup>th</sup> percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

# Data table | Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk

								Percentiles	5					Within-locality Household Counts							
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem- ployment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access	Hazard Risk	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D
1	31100	192	100th	78th	22nd	100th	67th	22nd	67th	67th	11st	89th	78th	0	15	149	28	0	0	0	0
2	30800	228	89th	56th	44th	78th	44th	67th	44th	22nd	78th	0th	89th	0	10	198	20	0	0	0	0
3	31500	140	78th	67th	0th	67th	89th	44th	33rd	100th	67th	22nd	67th	0	21	82	37	0	0	0	0
4	31200	409	67th	33rd	100th	22nd	33rd	11st	22nd	78th	22nd	67th	100th	0	29	263	117	0	0	0	0
5	30700	64	56th	89th	89th	44th	56th	100th	89th	44th	33rd	33rd	33rd	0	4	57	3	0	0	0	0
6	31000	121	33rd	44th	56th	56th	78th	33rd	11st	89th	44th	56th	56th	0	18	74	29	0	0	0	0
7	31600	46	33rd	100th	67th	89th	100th	89th	100th	11st	0th	100th	0th	0	5	24	17	0	0	0	0
8	31300	95	22nd	11st	11st	33rd	0th	78th	78th	0th	100th	11st	44th	0	22	71	2	0	0	0	0
9	31400	62	11st	22nd	78th	0th	22nd	56th	56th	56th	89th	44th	22nd	0	1	49	12	0	0	0	0
10	30900	53	0th	0th	33rd	11st	11st	0th	0th	33rd	56th	78th	11st	0	6	42	5	0	0	0	0

<sup>1.</sup> Note: These figures only account for census areas that have households in flood and/or hurricane zones

# Data table | FEMA Funding<sup>1</sup>

Grantee	Year of Fiscal Year	Exclusive vs Shared	Subgrantee	Project Counties	Project Type(s)	Federal Funds Obligated
	2019	Shared LENOWISCO PLANNING DISTRICT COMMISSION  LEE; SCOTT; WISE; NORTON		LEE; SCOTT; WISE; NORTON (CITY)	91.5: Local Multijurisdictional Multihazard Mitigation Plan - UPDATE	\$71,250
	2016	Exclusive	Wise (County)	WISE	200.1: Acquisition of Private Real Property (Structures and Land) - Riverine	\$1,544,249
WISE COUNTY	2004	2004 Exclusive Wise (County)		WISE	200.1: Acquisition of Private Real Property (Structures and Land) - Riverine	\$27,825
	2002	Exclusive	Wise (County)	WISE	200.1: Acquisition of Private Real Property (Structures and Land) - Riverine	\$583,138
	-	Shared	Wise (County)	WISE; ALLEGHANY	200.1: Acquisition of Private Real Property (Structures and Land) - Riverine	\$377,655

1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

# **Governor's Confidential Working Papers**

# COVID-19 Unified Command/VEST Health Equity Working Group

MITIGATION PROJECTS ANALYSIS SCOTT COUNTY

**NOVEMBER 2020** 



# **Topics**

The analysis provides **Scott County** with information to support planning and preparation of projects for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) grant application with an equity focus.

Introduction to Data-Driven Approach
 Hazard Risk
 Population Vulnerability
 Prioritization
 FEMA Funding and Past Projects

Considerations for Next Steps

This analysis *expands the scope of*population vulnerability to

provide a data-driven equity lens

for disaster mitigation project

design

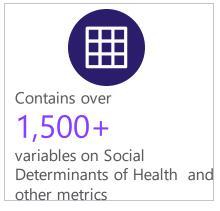
# Data-Driven Approach

The Health360 platform informs population vulnerability and enables a data-driven approach to operationalizing equity in mitigation projects.

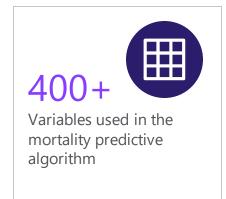
# **Powered By Health**360



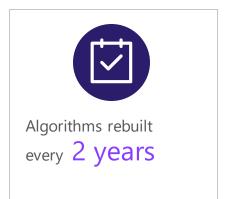














# What is hazard risk and how is it calculated?

Household Hazard risk reflects the number of households in each flood or hurricane zone, weighted by severity.



# Hazard Risk

Number of households in each zone:

### Flood zones

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine flood way
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

### **Hurricane zones**

Segmented A, B, C, D

- Households that reside in the flood and hurricane zones are considered to be **at-risk for environmental disasters**
- Hazard Risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones
- Hazard Risk is not a measure of infrastructure, elevation, or financial risks, but is a measure of the number of at-risk households in an area, weighted by the severity of the risk, to provide a people-focused risk metric

**Note:** Severity of the risk per household is captured on an ordinal scale from 1 – least severe (Hurricane Zone D, 500 Year Riverine) to 4 – most severe (Hurricane Zone A, 100 Year Coastal)

Hazard Risk = (# of Households in Particular Hurricane or Flood Zones) X (Specified Zone Risk Level (1 through 4 depending on risk severity))

# Hazard Risk in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's hazard risk<sup>1</sup> compares to others in Virginia as well as how many households reside in each flood or hurricane zone.

# Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup> Percentile

61st

Your locality has more households in more severe flood/hurricane zones than 61% of other Virginia localities

# Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup> Rank

52nd

Your locality's Hazard Risk score is ranked 52nd out of 132 Virginia localities

# **Households in Flood Zones & Locality Rank**

<b>←</b> 100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine Floodway	100 Year Riverine	Severity 500 Year Riverine
0	17	497	77
N/A out of 132 Localities	40th out of 132 Localities	36th out of 132 Localities	51st out of 132 Localities

Flood zones are geographic areas that FEMA has defined according to varying levels of flood risk

# Households in Hurricane Zones & Locality Rank

<b>▼</b> Zone A	Zone B	Zone C	Severity Zone D
0	0	0	0
N/A out of 132 Localities			

Evacuation zones designated as A through D are in place across coastal Virginia

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

# What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated?

The Population Vulnerability score provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



# Population Vulnerability

# Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access

- Population Vulnerability expands upon the 2018 Virginia
   Hazard Mitigation plan definition of population vulnerability
   (density and percentage of total population)
- Population Vulnerability only considers localities with households in flood or hurricane zones (132 localities)
- Population Vulnerability **identifies the locality and census tracts/census blocks** with the most vulnerable individuals/households on average
- Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster

# Population Vulnerability in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's population vulnerability<sup>1</sup> score and composite attributes compare to other localities in Virginia.

# Population Vulnerability Percentile

67th

On average, a household in a flood or hurricane zone in your locality is more vulnerable than a household in 67% of other Virginia localities

# Population Vulnerability Rank

44th

Your locality's Population Vulnerability score is ranked 44th out of 132 Virginia localities

# How SCOTT COUNTY Compares to Other Localities Across the Eight Vulnerability Attributes

Low Income

82nd

percentile

**Elevated Health Risk** 

62nd

percentile

Age

40th

percentile

**Communities of Color** 

5th

percentile

# of Children in Household

63rd

percentile

# of People in Household

63rd

percentile

**Unemployment Risk** 

37th

percentile

**Lack of Vehicle Access** 

60th

percentile

<sup>1.</sup> Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

# Using Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk to Prioritize Census Tracts

Combining population vulnerability and hazard risk at a sub-locality level can identify potential priority areas to support with future mitigation projects.



# Population Vulnerability

# Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access





Number of households in each zone:

### **Flood zones**

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine floodway
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

### **Hurricane** zones

• Segmented A, B, C, D



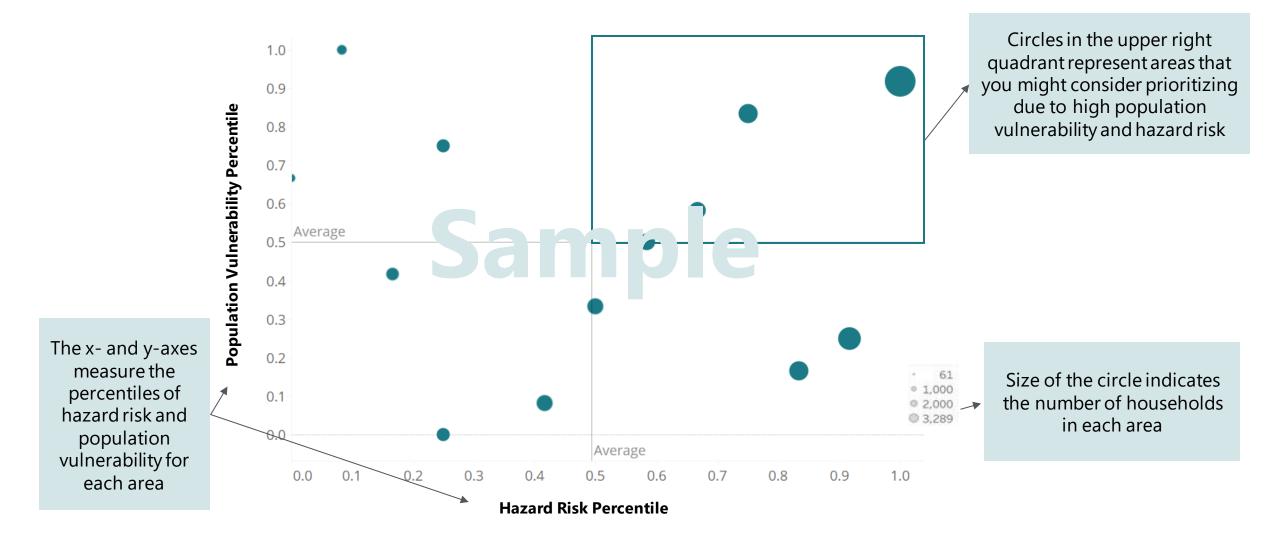
- High Population
  Vulnerability
- High Hazard Risk

Census tracts with both more households in severe flood/hurricane zones AND households with more vulnerable occupants



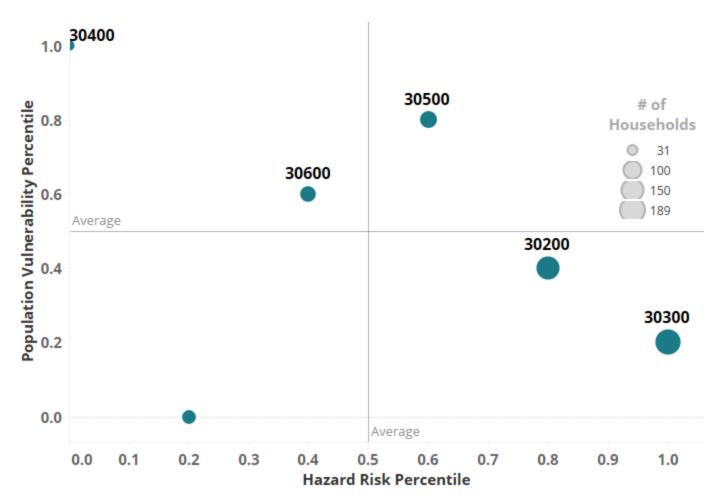
# How to interpret the Census Tract plots

The chart below represents a *sample* locality and offers guidance on how to interpret the information when planning mitigation efforts.



#### Prioritizing Census Tracts in Scott County

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.



#### Priority Areas in Flood and Hurricane Zones

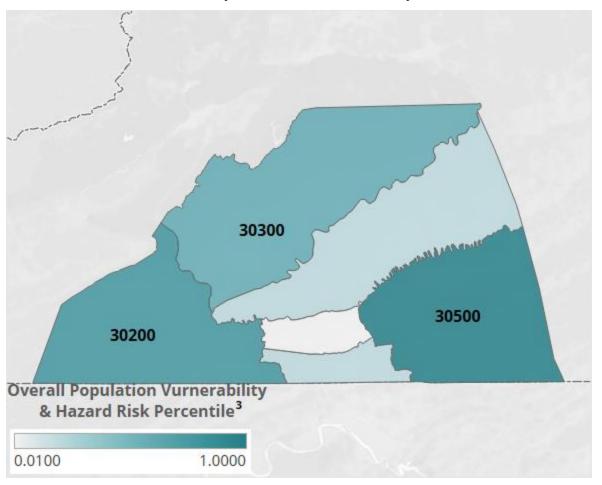
			Within-S	cott County Per	centiles
#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability <sup>1</sup> Percentile	Hazard Risk <sup>2</sup> Percentile
1	30500	84	100th	80th	60th
2	30200	159	80th	40th	80th
3	30300	189	60th	20th	100th
4	30600	72	20th	60th	40th
5	30400	31	20th	100th	0th
6	30100	56	0th	0th	20th

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity

#### Prioritizing Census Tracts in Scott County continued

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.





#### Priority Areas in Flood and Hurricane Zones

			Within-S	cott County Per	centiles
#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability <sup>1</sup> Percentile	Hazard Risk <sup>2</sup> Percentile
1	30500	84	100th	80th	60th
2	30200	159	80th	40th	80th
3	30300	189	60th	20th	100th
4	30600	72	20th	60th	40th
5	30400	31	20th	100th	0th
6	30100	56	0th	0th	20th

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- Sub-localities at the 0<sup>th</sup> percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

#### Priority Census Tracts Summary

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, it may be helpful to consider the underlying attributes of population vulnerability and the number of houses in each flood/hurricane zone.

							Within-Scott Co	tt County Percentiles						
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability <sup>1</sup>	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Un employment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access		
1	30500	84	100th	80th	40th	100th	40th	60th	20th	60th	60th	40th		
2	30200	159	80th	40th	80th	0th	80th	20th	40th	40th	20th	100th		
3	30300	189	60th	20th	60th	60th	60th	0th	0th	80th	40th	20th		

			W/I-Scott Cou	nty Percentiles				Scott County Ho	usehold Counts <sup>3</sup>			
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Hazard Risk <sup>2</sup>	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D
1	30500	84	100th	60th	-	-	84	-	_	-	_	-
2	30200	159	80th	80th	-	9	146	4	_	-	-	-
3	30300	189	60th	100th	-	3	149	37	-	-	-	-

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 3. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

# Review of FEMA Funding & Past Mitigation Projects

#### Review of Mitigation Projects In Your Locality

The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects<sup>1</sup> in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.

Total Exclusive Project Funding<sup>1</sup>

\$231,262

This is the total amount of federal funding alloted to mitigation projects solely owned by your locality from 1990-2019

**Exclusive Projects** 

1

Average Project Size

\$231K

Total Shared Project Funding<sup>1</sup>

\$71,250

This is the total amount of federal funding allotted to mitigation projects owned by your locality and at least 1 other from 1990-2019

**Shared Projects** 

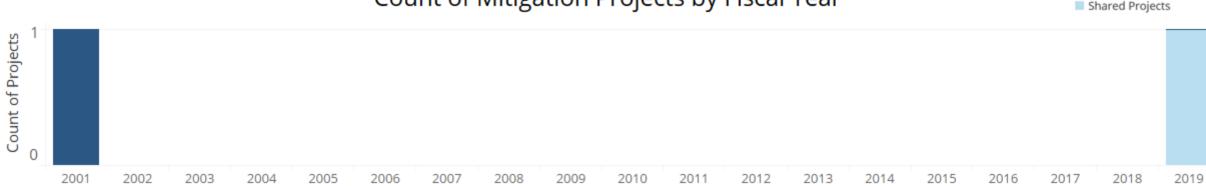
1

Average Counties Per Project

4.0

Exclusive Projects

Count of Mitigation Projects by Fiscal Year

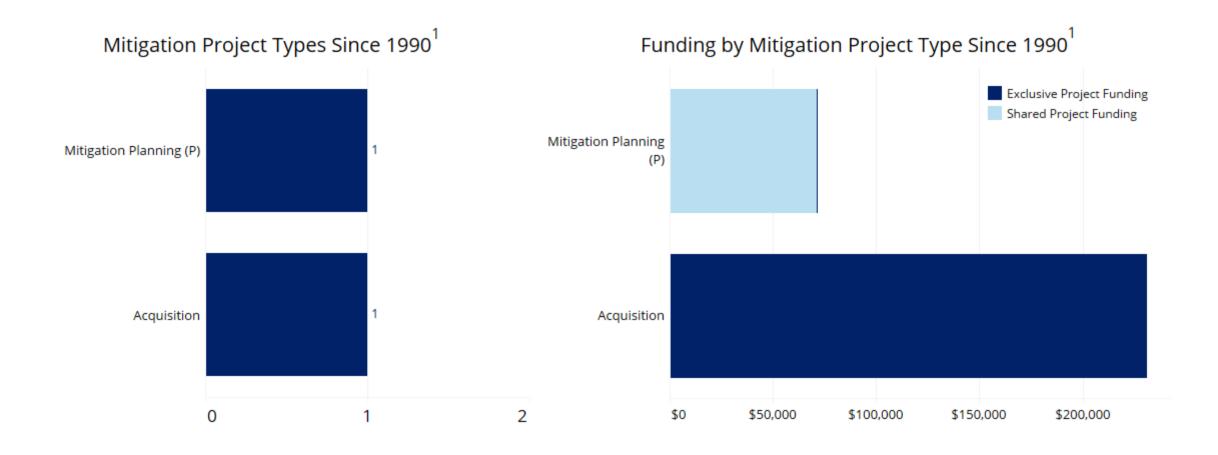


1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

Fiscal Year

#### Past Mitigation Projects – Top Project Types

The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects<sup>1</sup> in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.



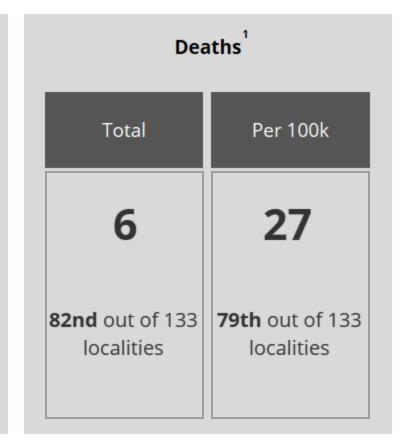
15

## **COVID-19 Impacts**

#### Since the beginning of the COVID-19 Pandemic, Scott County has experienced the following:

Cases <sup>1</sup>										
Total	Per 100k									
392	1,781									
<b>80th</b> out of 133 localities <sup>2</sup>	<b>68th</b> out of 133 localities									

Hospitalizations <sup>1</sup>								
Total	Per 100k							
28	127							
<b>73rd</b> out of 133 localities	<b>56th</b> out of 133 localities							



- 1. COVID-19 case, hospitalization, and death figures are sourced from the Virginia Department of Health as of 10/28/2020
- 2. COVID-19 Impact rankings are for all 133 Virginia localities, rather than the 132 included in the BRIC analysis for having at least one household in a flood or hurricane zone

## **Considerations for Next Steps**

#### Considerations for Next Steps

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, the population vulnerability and hazard risk metrics can supplement existing measures to design mitigation projects with an equity lens.

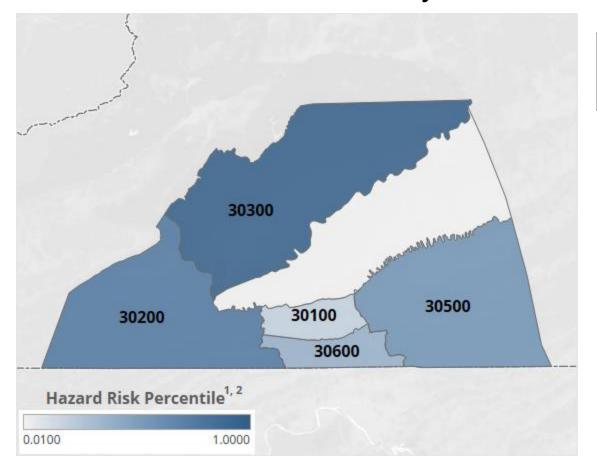
- Consider targeting priority areas when designing future mitigation projects
- Consider analysis at the census tract/block level to understand population vulnerability and hazard risks at a granular level to support decisions on mitigation projects
- Consider **supplementing these people-focused metrics** with existing infrastructure, elevation, and financial analysis for a holistic mitigation planning approach that includes equity considerations
- Consider past project types and prior funding in the overall mitigation strategy

## Appendix

#### What areas in your locality have the greatest hazard risk?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that have the greatest number of households residing in the more severe flood and/or hurricane zones.

**Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup> in Scott County** 



Top-5 Census Tracts for Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup>

						Counts	unts				
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Hazard Risk Percentile	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr. Zone D
1	30300	189	100th	0	3	149	37	0	0	0	0
2	30200	159	80th	0	9	146	4	0	0	0	0
3	30500	84	60th	0	0	84	0	0	0	0	0
4	30600	72	40th	0	3	50	19	0	0	0	0
5	30100	56	20th	0	1	38	17	0	0	0	0

**Note:** see the appendix for a complete data table for all Census Tracts

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Census tracts at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

#### What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated? continued

The vulnerability score for each Virginia household reflects an estimate of the household's ability to safely respond in the event of an environmental disaster.



#### **Population Vulnerability**

Attribute <sup>1</sup>	Weighting <sup>2</sup>	Description (in a household)
Low Income	18%	Number of adults with income less than \$30,000
Elevated Health Risk	17%	Number of adults with one or more serious health conditions
Age (Older Adults)	15%	Number of adults who are age 65 and older
Communities of Color	13%	Number of Black or African American or Hispanic or Latino adults
# of Children in Household	12%	Number of children
# of People in Household	10%	Number of adults and children
Unemployment Risk	8%	Number of adults at high risk of unemployment
Lack of Vehicle Access	6%	Does the household lack access to a motor vehicle?

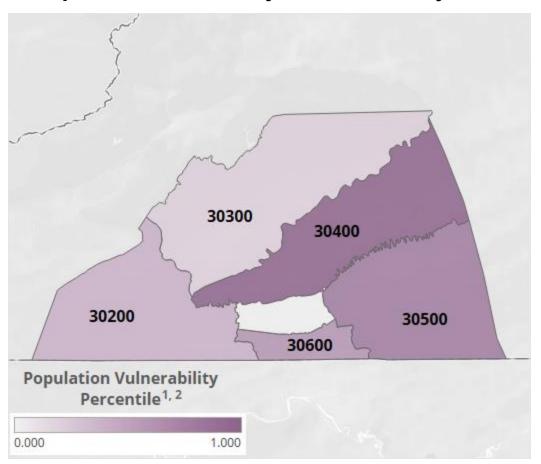
<sup>1.</sup> Two attributes - English as a Primary Language and Prevalence of Mobile Housing - were dropped from consideration based on the 8/20/2020 BRIC Working Group Session

<sup>2.</sup> Attribute contributions to Population Vulnerability were weighted as a result of the BRIC Working Group Session on 8/20/2020

#### What areas in your locality have the greatest population vulnerability?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that are home to the most vulnerable individuals in the event of an environmental disaster.

#### **Population Vulnerability**<sup>1</sup> in Scott County



**Top-5 Census Tracts for Population Vulnerability**<sup>1</sup>

					\	<b>Within-Sco</b>	tt County	Percentile	s		
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Pop. Vul.	Comm. of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem. Risk	Age	Vehicle Access
1	30400	31	100th	100th	80th	100th	100th	80th	0th	100th	0th
2	30500	84	80th	40th	100th	40th	60th	20th	60th	60th	40th
3	30600	72	60th	20th	40th	0th	80th	60th	100th	80th	80th
4	30200	159	40th	80th	0th	80th	20th	40th	40th	20th	100th
5	30300	189	20th	60th	60th	60th	0th	0th	80th	40th	20th

Note: See the appendix for a complete data table for all census tracts

<sup>1.</sup> Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

<sup>2.</sup> Census tracts at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

#### Data table | Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk

								Percentiles	5					Within-locality Household Counts							
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem- ployment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access	Hazard Risk	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D
1	30500	84	100th	80th	40th	100th	40th	60th	20th	60th	60th	40th	60th	0	0	84	0	0	0	0	0
2	30200	159	80th	40th	80th	0th	80th	20th	40th	40th	20th	100th	80th	0	9	146	4	0	0	0	0
3	30300	189	60th	20th	60th	60th	60th	0th	0th	80th	40th	20th	100th	0	3	149	37	0	0	0	0
4	30600	72	20th	60th	20th	40th	0th	80th	60th	100th	80th	80th	40th	0	3	50	19	0	0	0	0
5	30400	31	20th	100th	100th	80th	100th	100th	80th	0th	100th	0th	0th	0	1	30	0	0	0	0	0
6	30100	56	0th	0th	0th	20th	20th	40th	100th	20th	0th	60th	20th	0	1	38	17	0	0	0	0

#### Data table | FEMA Funding<sup>1</sup>

Grantee	Year of Fiscal Year	Exclusive vs Shared	Subgrantee	Project Counties	Project Type(s)	Federal Funds Obligated
	2019	Shared	LENOWISCO PLANNING DISTRICT COMMISSION	LEE; SCOTT; WISE; NORTON (CITY)	91.5: Local Multijurisdictional Multihazard Mitigation Plan - UPDATE	\$71,250
SCOTT COUNTY -	2001	Exclusive	Scott (County)	SCOTT	200.1: Acquisition of Private Real Property (Structures and Land) - Riverine	\$231,262

#### **Governor's Confidential Working Papers**

# COVID-19 Unified Command/VEST Health Equity Working Group

MITIGATION PROJECTS ANALYSIS LEE COUNTY

**NOVEMBER 2020** 



#### **Topics**

The analysis provides **Lee County** with information to support planning and preparation of projects for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) grant application with an equity focus.

- Introduction to Data-Driven ApproachHazard Risk
- Population Vulnerability
- → Prioritization
- ☐ FEMA Funding and Past Projects
- ☐ Considerations for Next Steps

This analysis *expands the scope of*population vulnerability to

provide a data-driven equity lens

for disaster mitigation project

design

#### Data-Driven Approach

The Health360 platform informs population vulnerability and enables a data-driven approach to operationalizing equity in mitigation projects.

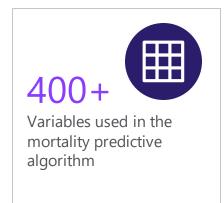
#### **Powered By Health**360



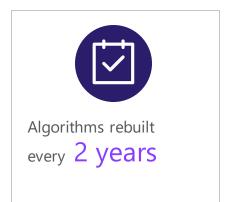














#### What is hazard risk and how is it calculated?

Household Hazard risk reflects the number of households in each flood or hurricane zone, weighted by severity.



#### Hazard Risk

Number of households in each zone:

#### Flood zones

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine flood way
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

#### **Hurricane zones**

Segmented A, B, C, D

- Households that reside in the flood and hurricane zones are considered to be **at-risk for environmental disasters**
- Hazard Risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones
- Hazard Risk is not a measure of infrastructure, elevation, or financial risks, but is a measure of the number of at-risk households in an area, weighted by the severity of the risk, to provide a people-focused risk metric

**Note:** Severity of the risk per household is captured on an ordinal scale from 1 – least severe (Hurricane Zone D, 500 Year Riverine) to 4 – most severe (Hurricane Zone A, 100 Year Coastal)

Hazard Risk = (# of Households in Particular Hurricane or Flood Zones) X (Specified Zone Risk Level (1 through 4 depending on risk severity))

#### Hazard Risk in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's hazard risk<sup>1</sup> compares to others in Virginia as well as how many households reside in each flood or hurricane zone.

## Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup> Percentile **57th**

Your locality has more households in more severe flood/hurricane zones than 57% of other Virginia localities

#### Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup> Rank

57th

Your locality's Hazard Risk score is ranked 57th out of 132 Virginia localities

#### Households in Flood Zones & Locality Rank

<b>←</b> 100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine Floodway	100 Year Riverine	Severity 500 Year Riverine
0	46	382	58
N/A out of 132 Localities	27th out of 132 Localities	44th out of 132 Localities	57th out of 132 Localities

Flood zones are geographic areas that FEMA has defined according to varying levels of flood risk

#### Households in Hurricane Zones & Locality Rank

<b>▼</b> Zone A	Zone B	Zone C	Severity Zone D
0	0	0	0
N/A out of 132 Localities			

Evacuation zones designated as A through D are in place across coastal Virginia

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

#### What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated?

The Population Vulnerability score provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



## Population Vulnerability

#### Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access

- Population Vulnerability expands upon the 2018 Virginia
   Hazard Mitigation plan definition of population vulnerability
   (density and percentage of total population)
- Population Vulnerability only considers localities with households in flood or hurricane zones (132 localities)
- Population Vulnerability **identifies the locality and census tracts/census blocks** with the most vulnerable individuals/households on average
- Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster

#### Population Vulnerability in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's population vulnerability<sup>1</sup> score and composite attributes compare to other localities in Virginia.

#### Population Vulnerability Percentile

**73rd** 

On average, a household in a flood or hurricane zone in your locality is more vulnerable than a household in 73% of other Virginia localities

#### Population Vulnerability Rank

36th

Your locality's Population Vulnerability score is ranked 36th out of 132 Virginia localities

#### How LEE COUNTY Compares to Other Localities Across the Eight Vulnerability Attributes

Low Income

94th

percentile

**Elevated Health Risk** 

61st

percentile

47th

Age

percentile

Communities of Color

percentile

# of Children in Household

percentile

# of People in Household

56th

percentile

**Unemployment Risk** 

50th

percentile

Lack of Vehicle Access

66th

percentile

<sup>1.</sup> Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

#### Using Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk to Prioritize Census Tracts

Combining population vulnerability and hazard risk at a sub-locality level can identify potential priority areas to support with future mitigation projects.



## Population Vulnerability

#### Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access





Number of households in each zone:

#### **Flood zones**

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine floodway
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

#### **Hurricane** zones

• Segmented A, B, C, D



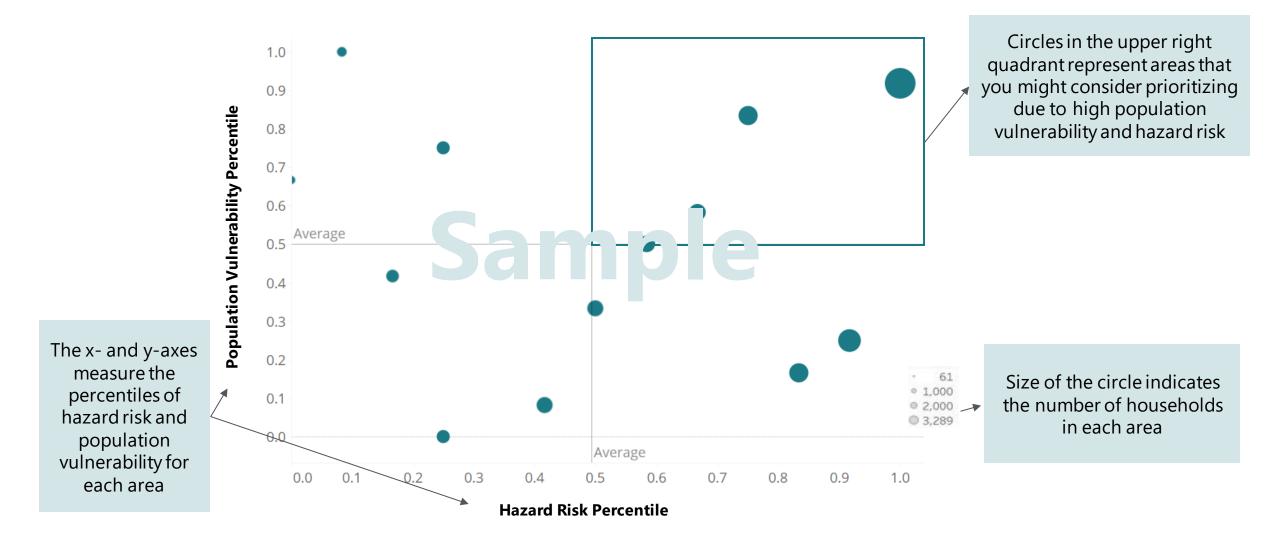
- High Population
  Vulnerability
- High Hazard Risk

Census tracts with both more households in severe flood/hurricane zones AND households with more vulnerable occupants



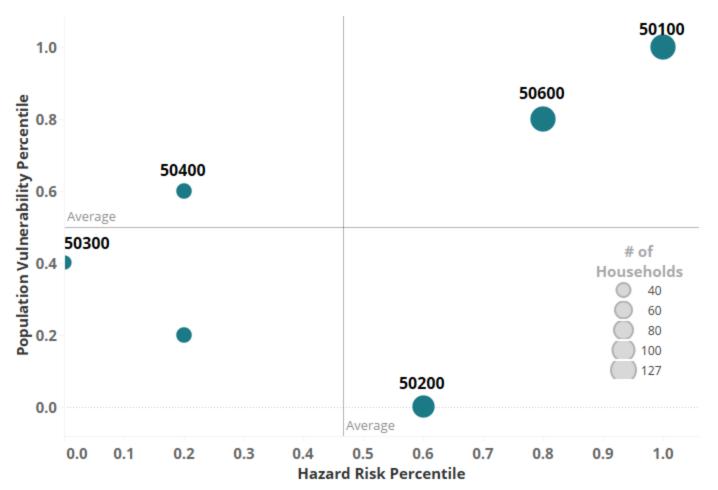
#### How to interpret the Census Tract plots

The chart below represents a *sample* locality and offers guidance on how to interpret the information when planning mitigation efforts.



#### Prioritizing Census Tracts in Lee County

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.



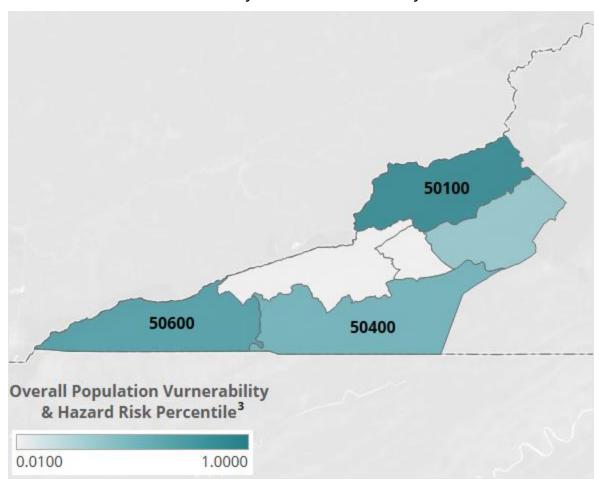
	Priority Areas in Flood and Hurricane Zones												
			Within-	Lee County Perc	entiles								
#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability <sup>1</sup> Percentile	Hazard Risk <sup>2</sup> Percentile								
1	50100	126	100th	100th	100th								
2	50600	127	80th	80th	80th								
3	50400	48	60th	60th	20th								
4	50200	99	40th	0th	60th								
5	50300	40	0th	40th	0th								
6	50500	46	0th	20th	20th								

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity

#### Prioritizing Census Tracts in Lee County continued

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.

Potential Priority Areas in Lee County



#### Priority Areas in Flood and Hurricane Zones

			Within-Lee County Percentiles									
#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability <sup>1</sup> Percentile	Hazard Risk <sup>2</sup> Percentile							
1	50100	126	100th	100th	100th							
2	50600	127	80th	80th	80th							
3	50400	48	60th	60th	20th							
4	50200	99	40th	0th	60th							
5	50300	40	0th	40th	0th							
6	50500	46	0th	20th	20th							

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- . Sub-localities at the 0<sup>th</sup> percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

#### Priority Census Tracts Summary

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, it may be helpful to consider the underlying attributes of population vulnerability and the number of houses in each flood/hurricane zone.

				Within-Lee County Percentiles											
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability <sup>1</sup>	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	k Low Income # of People		# of Children	Un employment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access			
1	50100	126	100th	100th	40th	80th	100th	80th	60th	40th	40th	0th			
2	50600	127	80th	80th	20th	100th	40th	20th	20th	80th	20th	80th			
3	50400	48	60th	60th	100th	60th	20th	100th	80th	20th	100th	40th			

			W/I-Lee Coun	ty Percentiles	Lee County Household Counts <sup>3</sup>								
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Hazard Risk <sup>2</sup>	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D	
1	50100	126	100th	100th	-	27	64	35	-	-	-	-	
2	50600	127	80th	80th	-	-	113	14	-	-	-	-	
3	50400	48	60th	20th	-	-	47	1	-	-	-	-	

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 3. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

# Review of FEMA Funding & Past Mitigation Projects

#### Review of Mitigation Projects In Your Locality

The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects<sup>1</sup> in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.

Total Exclusive Project Funding<sup>1</sup>

\$0

This is the total amount of federal funding alloted to mitigation projects solely owned by your locality from 1990-2019

**Exclusive Projects** 

0

Average Project Size

\$0

Total Shared Project Funding<sup>1</sup>

\$71,250

This is the total amount of federal funding allotted to mitigation projects owned by your locality and at least 1 other from 1990-2019

**Shared Projects** 

1

Average Counties Per Project

4.0

Count of Mitigation Projects by Fiscal Year





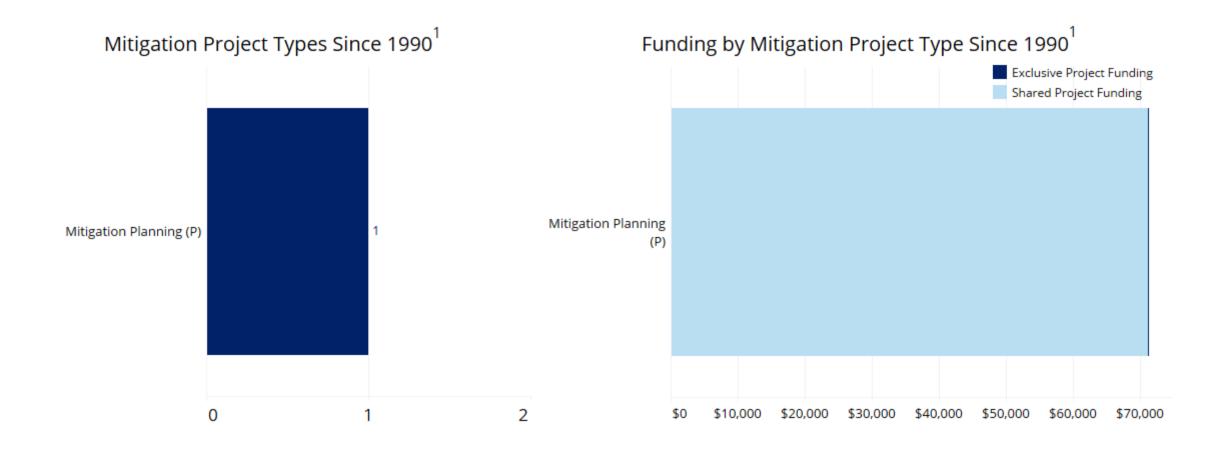
2019

Fiscal Year

1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

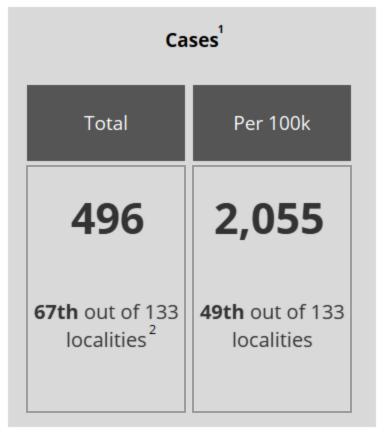
#### Past Mitigation Projects – Top Project Types

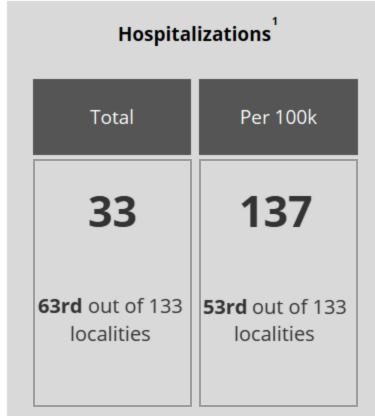
The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects<sup>1</sup> in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.

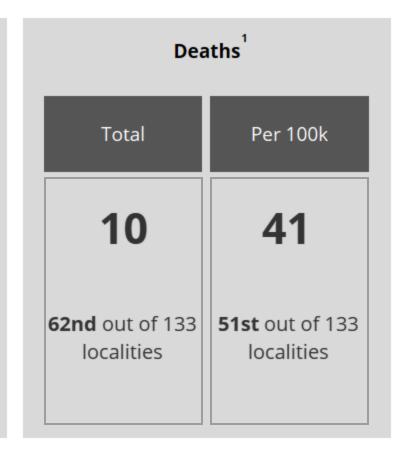


## **COVID-19 Impacts**

#### Since the beginning of the COVID-19 Pandemic, Lee County has experienced the following:







- 1. COVID-19 case, hospitalization, and death figures are sourced from the Virginia Department of Health as of 10/28/2020
- 2. COVID-19 Impact rankings are for all 133 Virginia localities, rather than the 132 included in the BRIC analysis for having at least one household in a flood or hurricane zone

## **Considerations for Next Steps**

#### Considerations for Next Steps

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, the population vulnerability and hazard risk metrics can supplement existing measures to design mitigation projects with an equity lens.

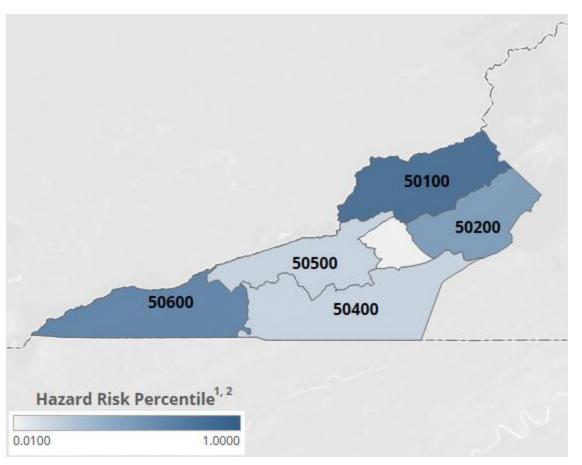
- Consider targeting priority areas when designing future mitigation projects
- Consider analysis at the census tract/block level to understand population vulnerability and hazard risks at a granular level to support decisions on mitigation projects
- Consider **supplementing these people-focused metrics** with existing infrastructure, elevation, and financial analysis for a holistic mitigation planning approach that includes equity considerations
- Consider past project types and prior funding in the overall mitigation strategy

## Appendix

#### What areas in your locality have the greatest hazard risk?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that have the greatest number of households residing in the more severe flood and/or hurricane zones.

Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup> in Lee County



Top-5 Census Tracts for Hazard Risk<sup>1</sup>

				Lee County Household Counts									
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Hazard Risk Percentile	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr. Zone D		
1	50100	126	100th	0	27	64	35	0	0	0	0		
2	50600	127	80th	0	0	113	14	0	0	0	0		
3	50200	99	60th	0	7	87	5	0	0	0	0		
4	50400	48	20th	0	0	47	1	0	0	0	0		
5	50500	46	20th	0	7	39	0	0	0	0	0		

**Note:** see the appendix for a complete data table for all Census Tracts

- Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Census tracts at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

#### What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated? continued

The vulnerability score for each Virginia household reflects an estimate of the household's ability to safely respond in the event of an environmental disaster.



#### **Population Vulnerability**

Attribute <sup>1</sup>	Weighting <sup>2</sup>	Description (in a household)
Low Income	18%	Number of adults with income less than \$30,000
Elevated Health Risk	17%	Number of adults with one or more serious health conditions
Age (Older Adults)	15%	Number of adults who are age 65 and older
Communities of Color	13%	Number of Black or African American or Hispanic or Latino adults
# of Children in Household	12%	Number of children
# of People in Household	10%	Number of adults and children
Unemployment Risk	8%	Number of adults at high risk of unemployment
Lack of Vehicle Access	6%	Does the household lack access to a motor vehicle?

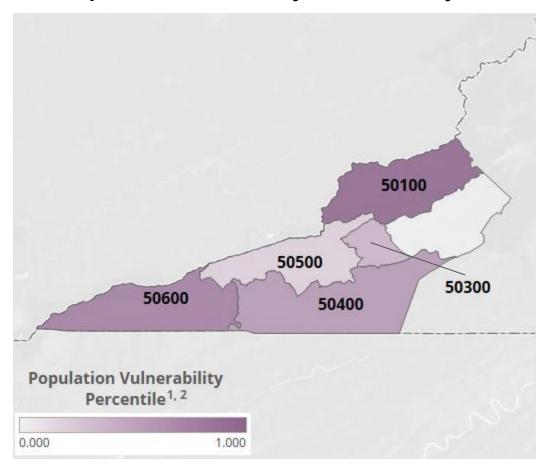
<sup>1.</sup> Two attributes - English as a Primary Language and Prevalence of Mobile Housing - were dropped from consideration based on the 8/20/2020 BRIC Working Group Session

<sup>2.</sup> Attribute contributions to Population Vulnerability were weighted as a result of the BRIC Working Group Session on 8/20/2020

#### What areas in your locality have the greatest population vulnerability?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that are home to the most vulnerable individuals in the event of an environmental disaster.

#### **Population Vulnerability**<sup>1</sup> in Lee County



**Top-5 Census Tracts for Population Vulnerability**<sup>1</sup>

				Within-Lee County Percentiles										
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Pop. Vul.	Comm. of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem. Risk	Age	Vehicle Access			
1	50100	126	100th	40th	80th	100th	80th	60th	40th	40th	0th			
2	50600	127	80th	20th	100th	40th	20th	20th	80th	20th	80th			
3	50400	48	60th	100th	60th	20th	100th	80th	20th	100th	40th			
4	50300	40	40th	0th	0th	80th	40th	100th	100th	0th	100th			
5	50500	46	20th	80th	40th	60th	0th	0th	60th	60th	60th			

Note: See the appendix for a complete data table for all census tracts

<sup>1.</sup> Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

<sup>2.</sup> Census tracts at the 0<sup>th</sup> percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

#### Data table | Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk

				Percentiles									Within-locality Household Counts								
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem- ployment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access	Hazard Risk	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D
1	50100	126	100th	100th	40th	80th	100th	80th	60th	40th	40th	0th	100th	0	27	64	35	0	0	0	0
2	50600	127	80th	80th	20th	100th	40th	20th	20th	80th	20th	80th	80th	0	0	113	14	0	0	0	0
3	50400	48	60th	60th	100th	60th	20th	100th	80th	20th	100th	40th	20th	0	0	47	1	0	0	0	0
4	50200	99	40th	Oth	60th	20th	0th	60th	40th	0th	80th	20th	60th	0	7	87	5	0	0	0	0
5	50500	46	0th	20th	80th	40th	60th	0th	0th	60th	60th	60th	20th	0	7	39	0	0	0	0	0
6	50300	40	0th	40th	0th	0th	80th	40th	100th	100th	0th	100th	0th	0	5	32	3	0	0	0	0

<sup>1.</sup> Note: These figures only account for census areas that have households in flood and/or hurricane zones

#### Data table | FEMA Funding<sup>1</sup>

Grantee	Year of Fiscal Year	Exclusive vs Shared	Subgrantee	Project Counties	Project Type(s)	Federal Funds Obligated
LEE COUNTY	2019	Shared	LENOWISCO PLANNING DISTRICT COMMISSION	LEE; SCOTT; WISE; NORTON (CITY)	91.5: Local Multijurisdictional Multihazard Mitigation Plan - UPDATE	\$71,250